

USING ESF RESOURCES TO SUPPORT SOCIAL SERVICES PROVIDERS - RÜCKENWIND		
Organisation(s):	German Association for Public and Private Welfare (Deutscher Verein für öffentliche und private Fürsorge e. V.)	
Country:	Germany	
Contact:	policy@esn-eu.org	
<u>Theme:</u>	<ul> <li>Ageing &amp; Care</li> <li>Asylum &amp; Migration</li> <li>Young People</li> <li>Support for children &amp; families</li> <li>Community Care</li> <li>Co-Production</li> <li>Disability</li> <li>Housing &amp; Homelessness</li> <li>Artificial Intelligence</li> <li>Digitalisation</li> <li>Integrated Care &amp; Support</li> <li>Quality Care</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Labour Market Inclusion</li> <li>Social Inclusion</li> <li>Integrated Services</li> <li>Technology</li> <li>Workforce and Leadership</li> <li>Minimum Income</li> <li>EU Funding</li> <li>Social Services Resilience</li> <li>Mental Health</li> <li>Other, please specify:</li> </ul>
Principles of the European Pillar of Social Rights: Check the 20 principles <u>here</u> .	<ul> <li>1. Education, training, life-long learning</li> <li>2. Gender equality</li> <li>3. Equal opportunities</li> <li>4. Active support to employment</li> <li>5. Secure and adaptable employment</li> <li>6. Fair Wages</li> <li>7. Transparent Employment conditions</li> <li>8. Social dialogue</li> <li>9. Work-life balance</li> <li>10. Healthy, safe work environment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>11. Childcare and child support</li> <li>12. Social protection</li> <li>13. Unemployment benefits</li> <li>14. Minimum income</li> <li>15. Old age income and pensions</li> <li>16. Health care</li> <li>17. Inclusion of people with disabilities</li> <li>18. Long-term care</li> <li>19. Housing and assistance to homeless</li> <li>20. Access to essential services</li> </ul>
Current status of the practice:	<ul> <li>Concept and Design Phase</li> <li>Execution &amp; Monitoring Phase</li> <li>Consolidation Phase</li> <li>Scaling Up and Transformation Phas</li> <li>Other (please specify)</li> </ul>	e



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Context/ Social issues addressed Please explain the problem you attempt to solve	<ul> <li>Non-profit welfare organizations play a significant role in providing social services in Germany. There are approximately 120,000 non-profit facilities with a workforce of 1.9 million employees and 2.5 million volunteers. These organizations need to respond to challenges in two dimensions:</li> <li>Beneficiaries: Increasing number of people in need of support due to societal changes and crisis situations like the COVID-19 pandemic and the aftermath of the conflict in Ukraine.</li> <li>Social service providers: Need for adaption of services under increased economic pressure and fast changing environments.</li> </ul>
Objectives: Please provide <b>a</b> maximum of three objectives in bullet points.	<ul> <li>Rückenwind<sup>3</sup> supports pilot projects and change in three areas:</li> <li>1. Personnel development: developing new training programmes, leadership coaching, concepts for staff retention, skills development</li> <li>2. Organisational development: digitalisation processes, streamlining work and administration procedures, developing new work models</li> <li>3. Culture change: new ways of work and communication, adapting to new work environments</li> </ul>
Activities: Please summarise the activities put in place to achieve the objectives (maximum 200 words).	<ul> <li>Application of partnership principle: The programme is developed and conducted in close cooperation with the responsible federal ministry.</li> <li>Investments in organisational structure: Investments are made in the institutional needs of organizations and facilities rather than the beneficiaries.</li> <li>Aimed at the non-profit sector: The funding programme is exclusively targeted at non-profit organizations.</li> <li>Qualification and training provision: The programme enables social service providers to offer training and qualification programmes for their staff.</li> </ul>
Evaluation of practice: Please explain how you evaluate the practice and what the results were/are so far	<ul> <li>Rigid ESF structure and burdensome funding administration make the programme inflexible</li> <li>High co-financing rates exclude smaller organisations and facilities</li> <li>Pilot projects only provide incentives for change processes, scaling the results still remains a challenge</li> </ul>





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	ESF funding not suitable for permanent support, long-term institutional support and financing mechanisms would be needed
Links to supporting documents: e.g. website or report of the practice	https://www.bagfw-esf.de/
Comments and Tips	